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APPENDIX I

The National Forests of the United States

The following listing has been compiled from the *Establishment and Modification of National Forest Boundaries: A Chronologic Record, 1891-1973*, by S. La Jacono (U. S. Forest Service, Division of Engineering, 1973); the U. S. Forest Service's *National Forest Areas* (1905-1966) and its sequel, *National Forest System*, published annually since 1966; annual reports of the chief, U. S. Forest Service and its predecessors, the Division of Forestry (1886-1901) and the Bureau of Forestry (1902-1903); the U. S. Geological Survey's *Annual Reports* (1897-1900); and from information supplied by the Office of Administrative Management, U. S. Forest Service, Washington, D.C.

The listing shows the establishment, change of name, or discontinuation of every forest reserve and national forest created since 1891, along with the legal citation for each action and the effective date of each proclamation, executive order, public law, or other order. In 1907, an act of Congress redesignated forest reserves as national forests.

The acreage for each forest is given at the time of establishment and on September 30, 1981. Until 1913, only the gross acreage is documented even though private and state lands were within forest boundaries. After 1913, all lands except those administered by the Forest Service are noted under "other." Purchase unites are not included. Only changes in the name of the forest or its discontinuation either as a name or as a forest due to consolidation, transfer, or abolishment are shown. Thus the name of a forest can be traced by not necessarily its boundaries, which in any case were usually subject to numerous minor modifications. Details of such boundary adjustments, additions, and eliminations may be found in Jacono's publication.

There are four levels of organization within the Forest Service: national headquarters, regional offices, forest supervisor's offices, and ranger districts. Since 1960, the supervisor's offices have been the basic long-range planning unit. They also provide supervisory, administrative, training, and specialist assistance to the ranger districts. The size of the supervisory administrative units has often been adjusted for efficiency and effectiveness. In most cases, two or more forests are administratively combined and assigned to one supervisor's office. Only one forest, the Tongass in Alaska, has been split; it is presently administered by three supervisory units. Since these combinations do not change the formal individual names of the forests, or their boundaries, or the goods and services produced, there has been no need for congressional action regarding them. The twenty-four administrative combinations listed here are those in effect as of 1981. Previous adjustments are not listed unless they involved presidential or congressional action.

In 1981, there were a total of 155 national forests administered from 121 supervisors' offices. These forests totaled 223,378,106 acres, 186,441,602 acres of which were national forest lands.

Definitions

EO Executive Order. A presidential order having the force of law, usually dealing with the administrative details of the activities and services of the executive departments and independent establishments.

FR *Federal Register*. Created by the Federal Register Act of 1935 and consisting of daily publication containing executive orders and proclamations and the rules and regulations of the executive agencies that have general applicability and legal effect.

PLO Public Land Order. An order regarding public lands made by the secretary of the interior under the authority of EO 9146 (1942), EO 9337 (1943), EO 10355 (1952), and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.

Proc Proclamation. A presidential order with the force of law usually dealing with matters of general interest.

Stat *U.S. Statutes at Large*. Includes acts and resolutions of Congress as well as presidential proclamations and agreements. The first number refers to the volume and the second to the page. Thus, 36 Stat 2729 reads volume 36, page 2729.

			Acreage When Established or Earliest Documentation			*Acreage as of September 1981*		
Name, Date Established, History		***Citation***	***NF Land***	***Other***	***Total***	***NF Land***	***Other***	***Total***
Coconino, Arizona								
1908 July 1	Established from parts of Tonto, Black Mesa, and Grand Canyon, and from entire San Francisco Mountains.	Proc 818 35 Stat 2196			3,689,982	1,835,930	174,819	2,010,749
Coeur d'Alene, Idaho								
1906 Nov 6	Established.	Proc 34 Stat 3256			2,231,280			
1908 July 1	Palouse added.	EO 843						
1933 Sept 30	Portion of Pend Oreille added.	EO 6303						
1973	Combined administratively with Kaniksu and St. Joe, called the Idaho Panhandle National Forests.							
Colorado, Colorado								
1919 [sic – should be 1910] July 1	Name changed from Medicine Bow.	Proc 1062 36 Stat 2720			659,780			
1932 Mar 28	Name changed to Roosevelt.	EO 5826						
Columbia, Washington								
1908 July 1	Established from part of Rainier.	EO 820			941,440			
1949 June 15	Name changed to Gifford Pinchot.	Proc 2845 63 Stat 1277 14-FR 3273						
Colville, Washington								
1907 Mar 1	Established.	Proc 24 Stat 3288			869,520	944,434	76,188	1,020,622
Conecuh, Alabama								
1936 July 17	Established.	Proc 2189 50 Stat 1754 1-FR 859	67,846	271,727	339,572	82,790	88,387	171,177
1936	Combined administratively with Black Warrior and Talladega, known as National Forests in Alabama.							
Coquille, Oregon								
1907 Mar 2	Established.	Proc 34 Stat 3299			148,317			
1908 July 1	Entire forest combined with Siskiyou; name discontinued.	EO 866						
1933 Sept 30	Portion of Pend Oreille added.	EO 6303						
Coronado, Arizona and New Mexico								
1908 July 1	Established by consolidation of Dragoon, Santa Catalina, and Santa Rita.	EO 908			966,368			
1911 July 1	Entire Garces added.	Proc 1121						
1917 July 1	Entire Chiricahua added.	EO 2630						

Name, Date Established, History		Citation	Acreage When Established or Earliest Documentation: NF Land	Other	Total	Acreage as of September 1981: NF Land	Other	Total
Coronado, Arizona and New Mexico (cont.)								
1953 July 1	Part of Crook added.	PLO 924 18-FR 6823			Ariz. N. Mex.	1,713,258 68,936 1,782,194	70,994 2,605 73,599	1,784,252 71,541 1,855,793
Crater, California and Oregon								
1908 July 1	Established from parts of Cascade, Klamath, Siskiyou, and entire Ashland.	EO 867		Calif. Ore.	58,614 1,061,220 1,119,834			
1915 July 18	Part of Paulina added.	Proc 1302 39 Stat 1735						
1932 July 9	Name changed to Rogue.	EO 5882						
Crazy Mountain, Montana								
1906 Aug 10	Established.	Proc 34 Stat 3224			234,760			
1908 July 1	Combined with part of Yellowstone to reestablish the Absaroka; name discontinued.	EO 875						
Croatan, North Carolina								
1936 July 29	Established.	Proc 2192 50 Stat 1759 1-FR 909	112,966	193,334	306,300			
1954	Combined administratively with Nantahala and Pisgah, known as National Forests in North Carolina.					157,075	151,151	308,226
Crook, Arizona								
1908 July 1	Established from part of Tonto, Mount Graham, and other lands.	Proc 816 35 Stat 2194			788,624			
1953 July 1	Entire forest divided among Coronado, Gila, and Tonto.	PLO 924 18-FR 6823						
Crow Creek, Wyoming								
1900 Oct 10	Established.	Proc 31 Stat 1981			56,320			
1908 July 1	Entire forest combined with part of Medicine Bow to establish the Cheyenne; name discontinued.	EO 861						
Cumberland, Kentucky								
1937 Feb 23	Established.	Proc 2227 50 Stat 1818 2-FR 361	385,656	952,558	1,338,214			
1966 Apr 11	Name changed to Daniel Boone.	Proc 3715 31-FR 5807						