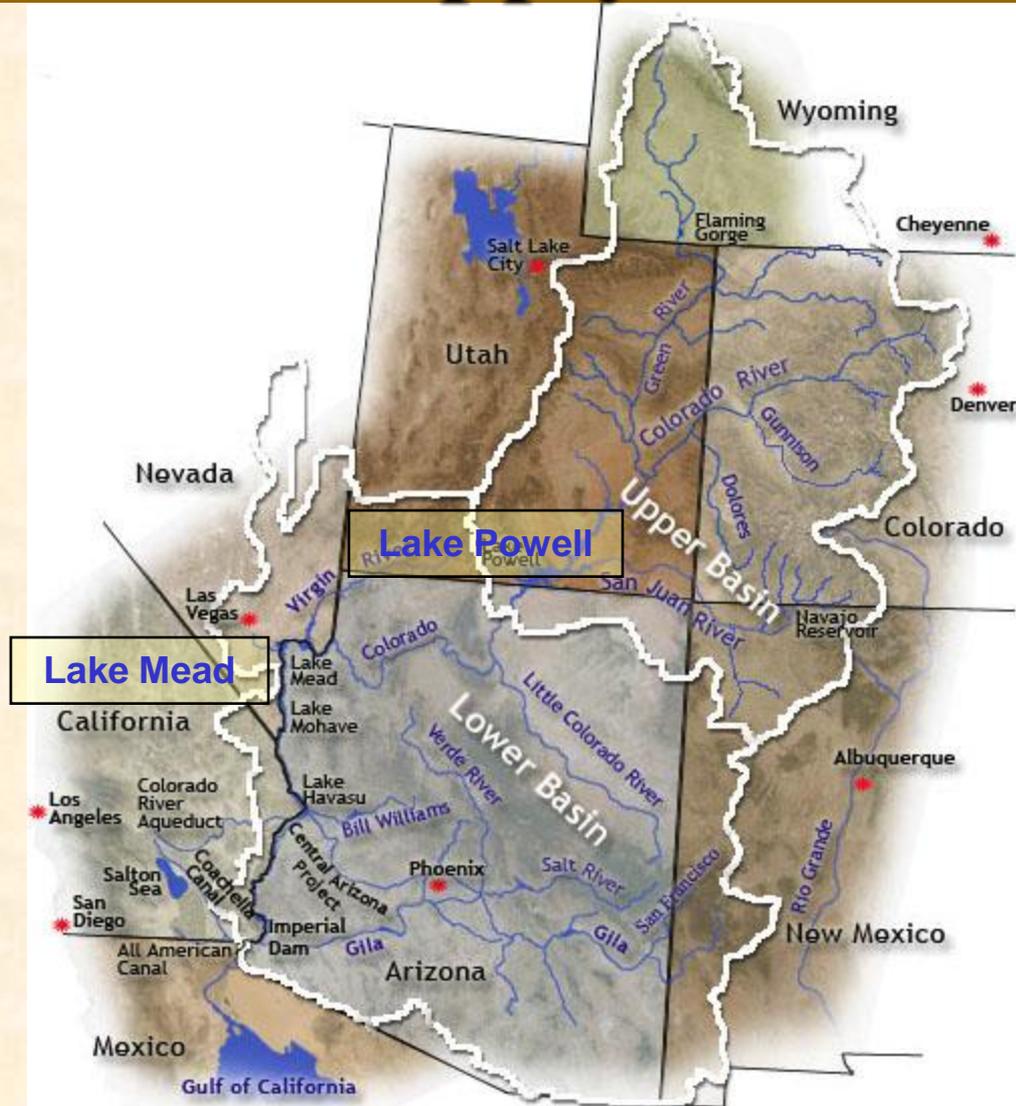
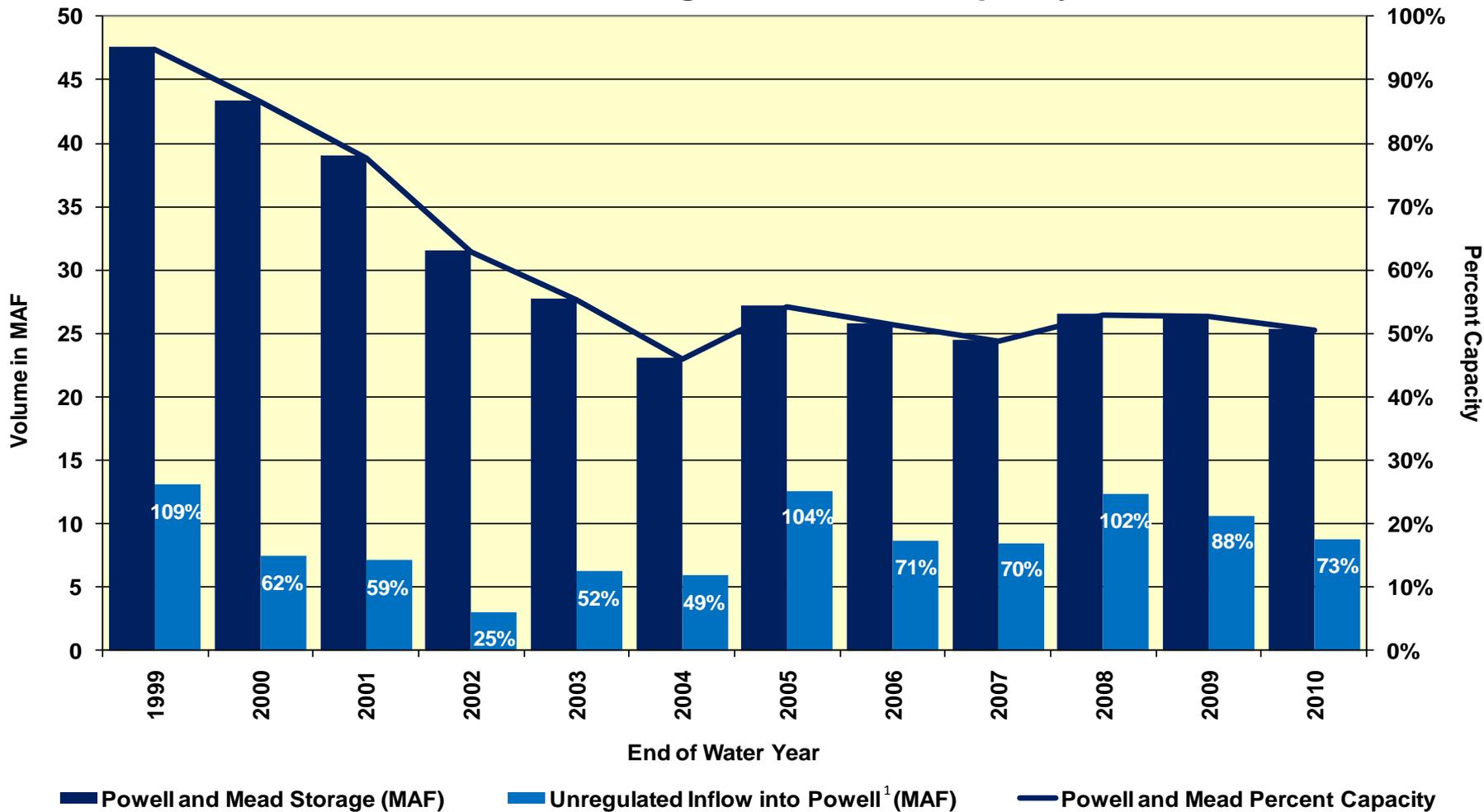


Colorado River Basin Water Supply Outlook



State of the System (1999-2010)

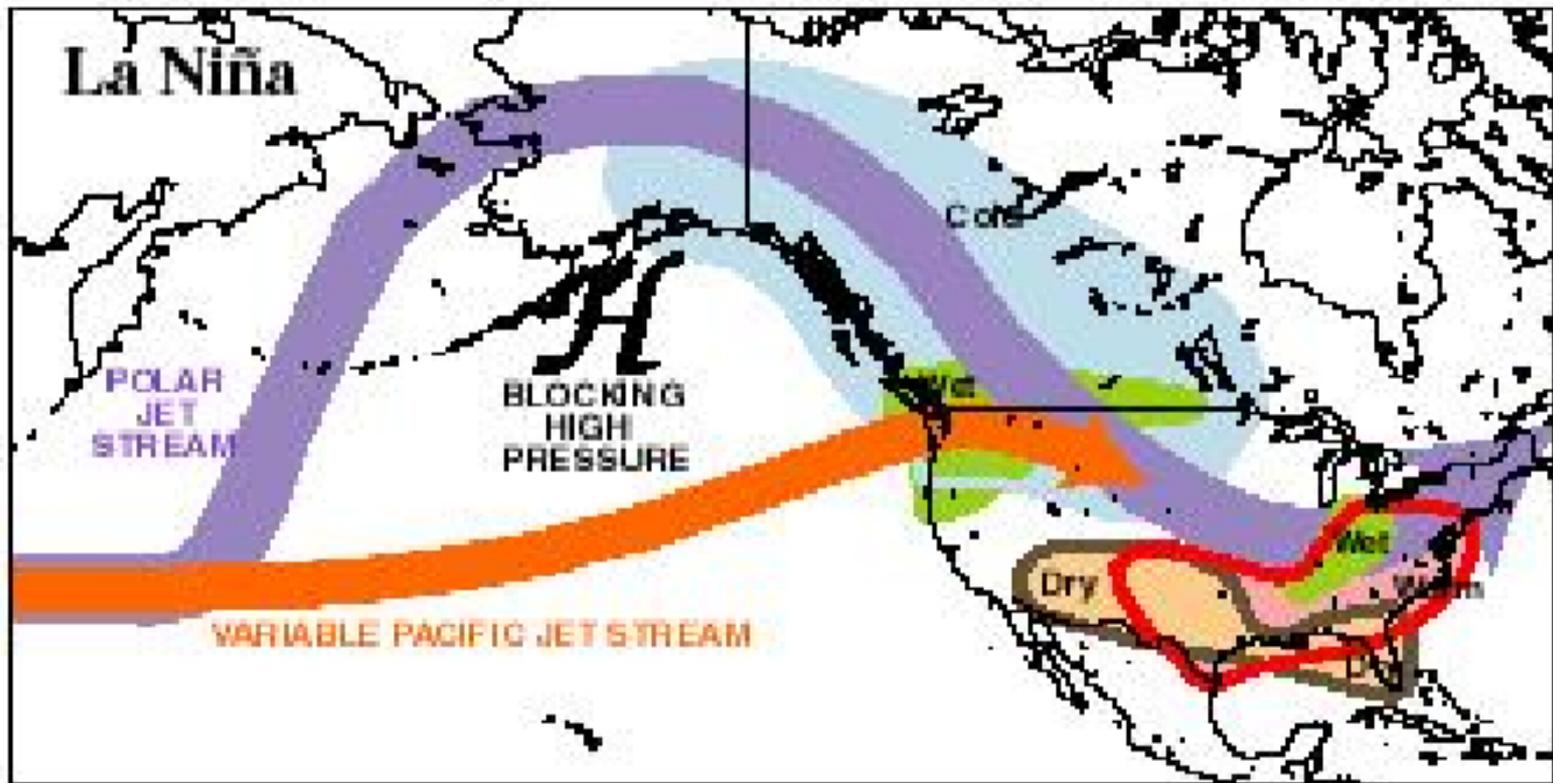
Unregulated Inflow into Lake Powell Powell-Mead Storage and Percent Capacity



¹ The percent values at the top of the light blue bars represent the percent of average unregulated inflow into Lake Powell for a given water year based on the 30-year average from 1971 to 2000.

La Nina Year ? ! ?

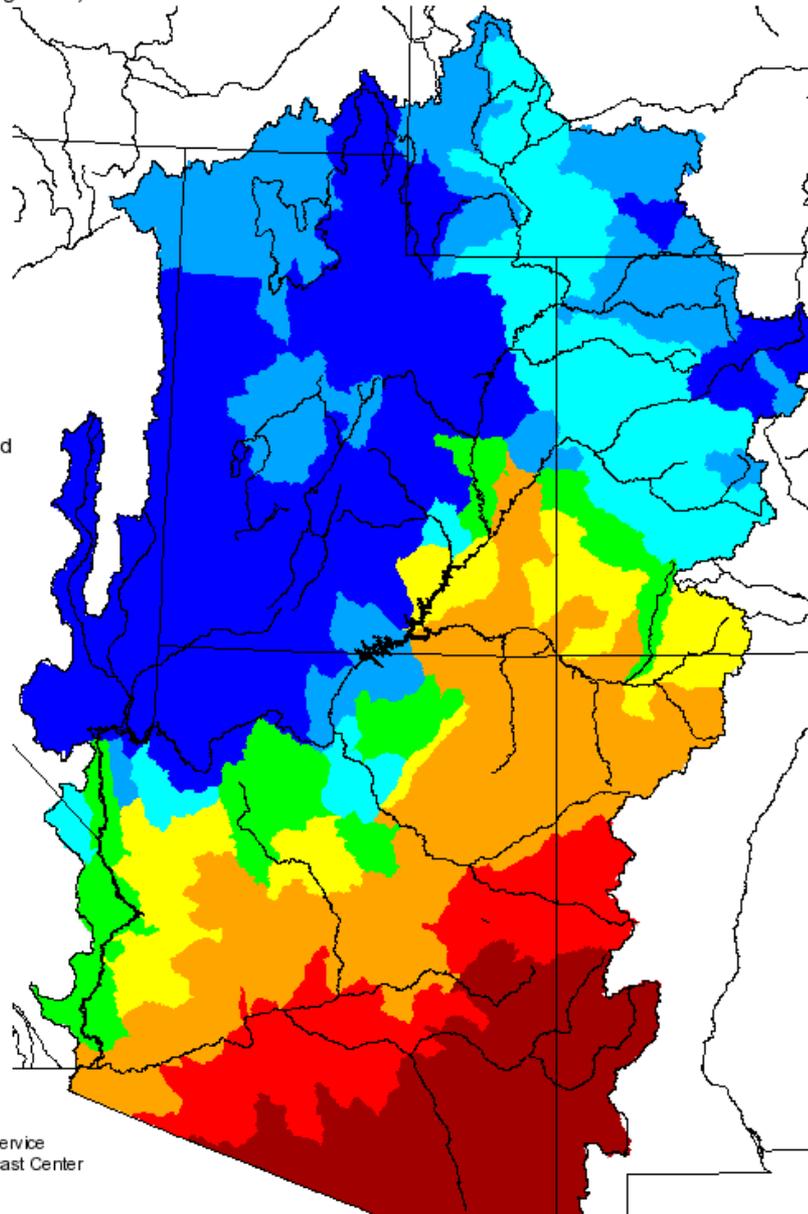
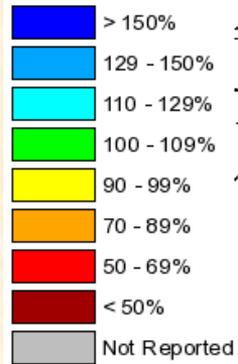
Good ? Bad ?



Seasonal Precipitation, October 2010 - April 2011

(Averaged by Hydrologic Unit)

% Average



Prepared by
NOAA, National Weather Service
Colorado Basin River Forecast Center
Salt Lake City, Utah
www.cbffc.noaa.gov

Arkansas, Colorado and Rio Grande Basin Mountain Snowpack as of April 1, 2011

Percent

1971 to 2000 Average

> 180

150 - 180

130 - 149

110 - 129

90 - 109

70 - 89

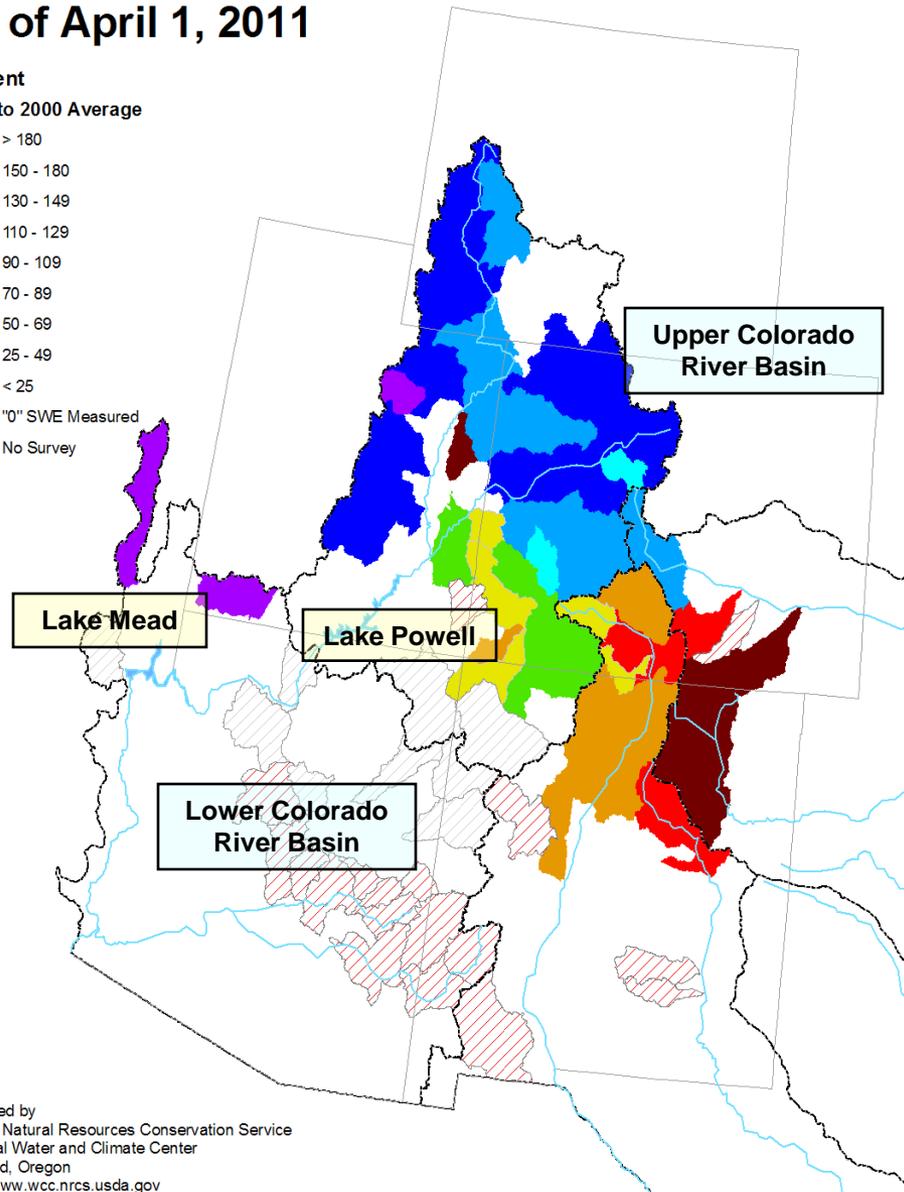
50 - 69

25 - 49

< 25

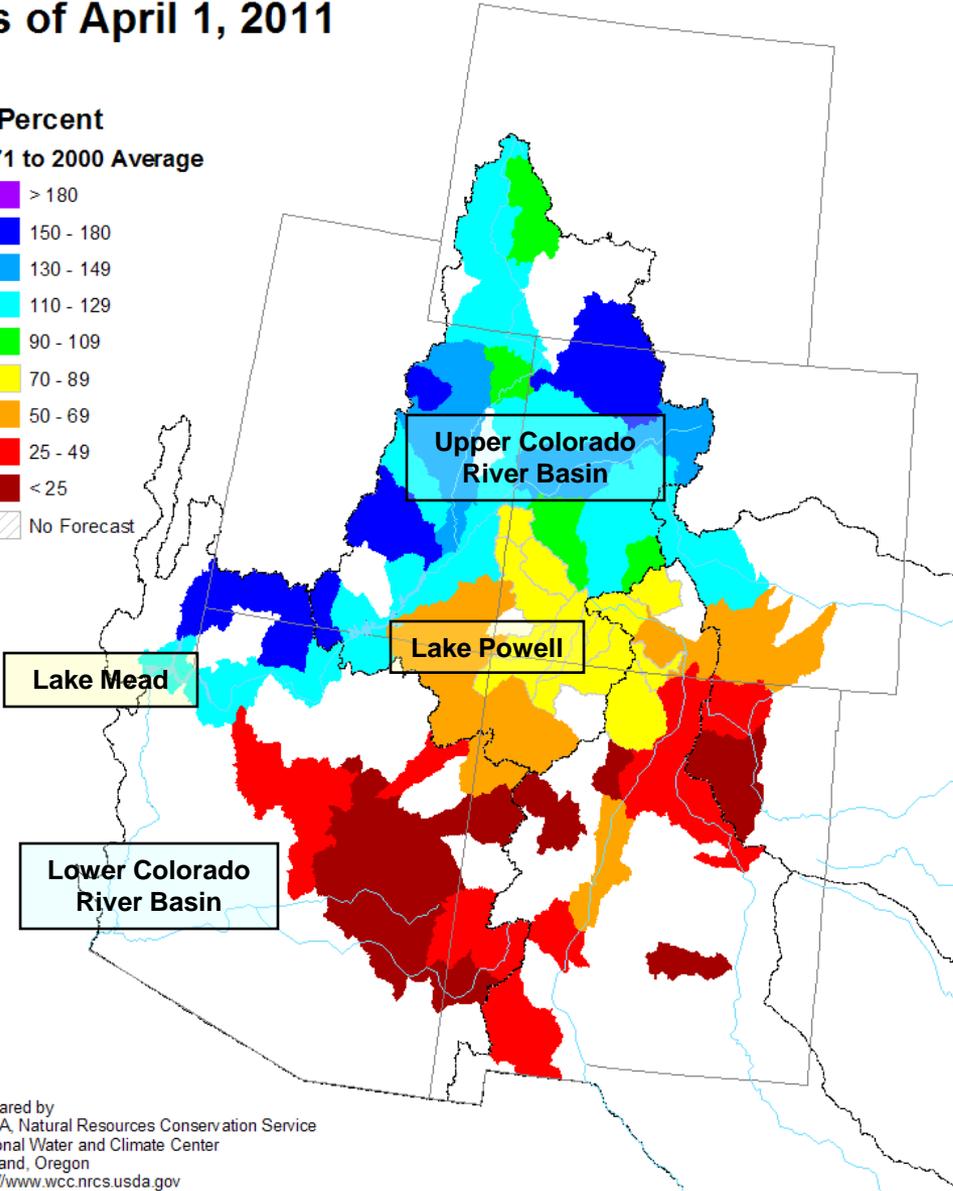
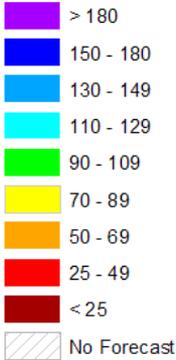
0" SWE Measured

No Survey



Arkansas, Colorado and Rio Grande Spring and Summer Streamflow Forecasts as of April 1, 2011

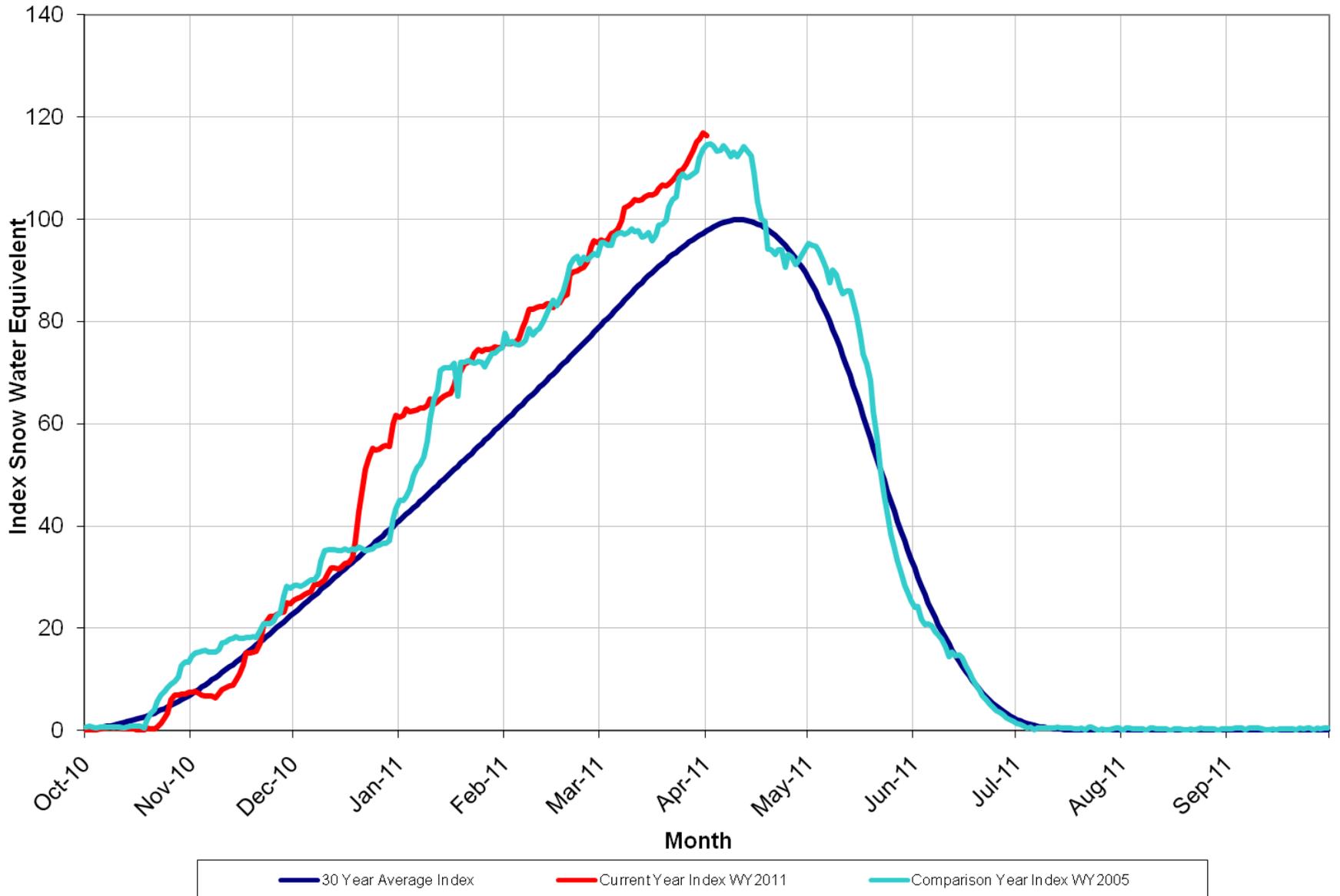
Percent
1971 to 2000 Average



Prepared by
USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service
National Water and Climate Center
Portland, Oregon
<http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov>

Upper Colorado River Basin Snotel Tracking

Aggregate of 115 Snotel Sites above Lake Powell



Colorado River Basin Water Supply Outlook

April to June 2011 Inflow Into Lake Powell – 11.5 MAF (145% of Normal).

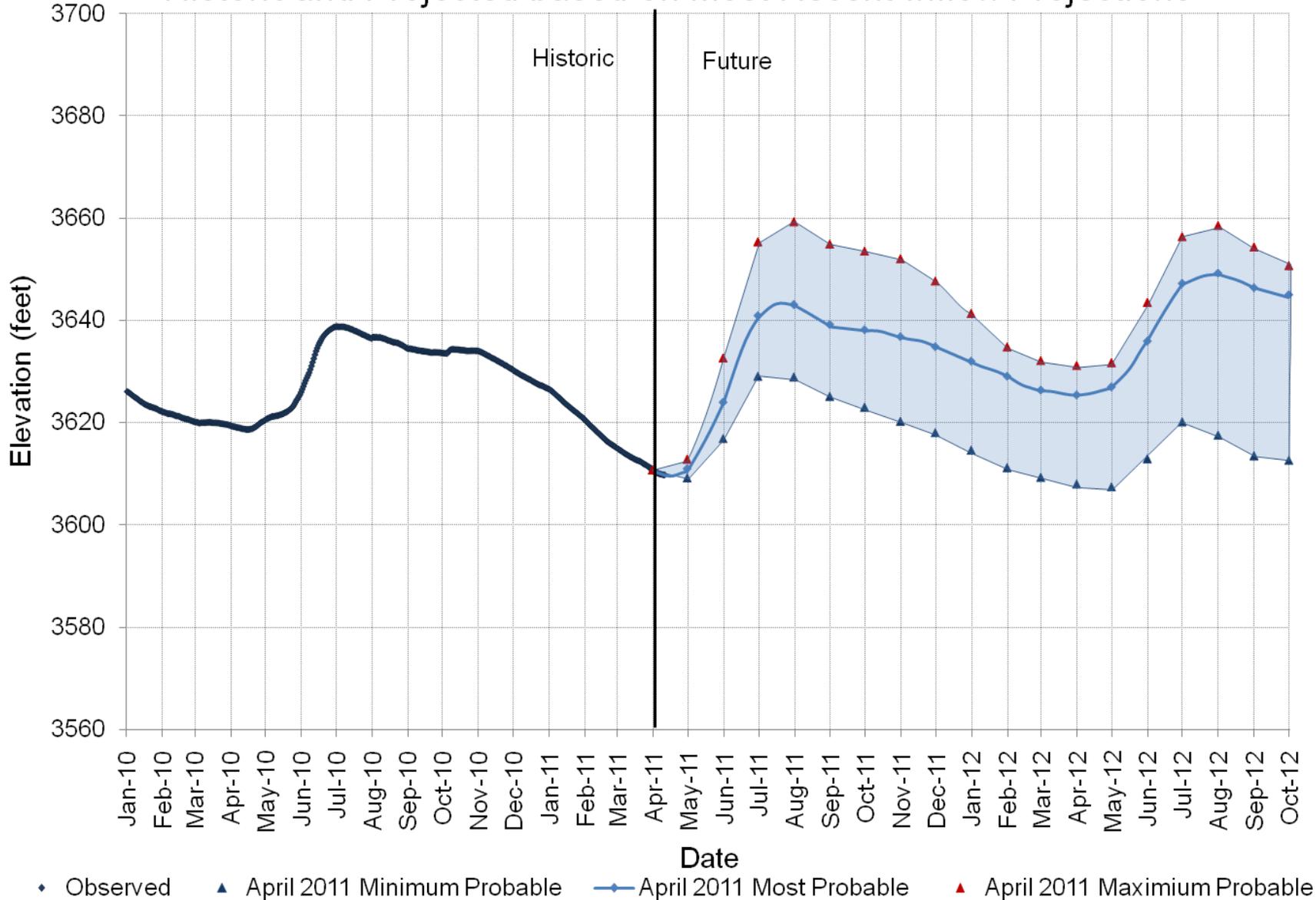
Water Year 2011 Inflow Into Lake Powell - 13.1 MAF (110% of Normal).

Water Year 2011 Release from Lake Powell – 11.6 MAF Release to the Lower Basin (“Equalization” Release – based on 2007 Interim Operating Guidelines).

Lake Powell and Lake Mead Storage will generally rise for the next several years.

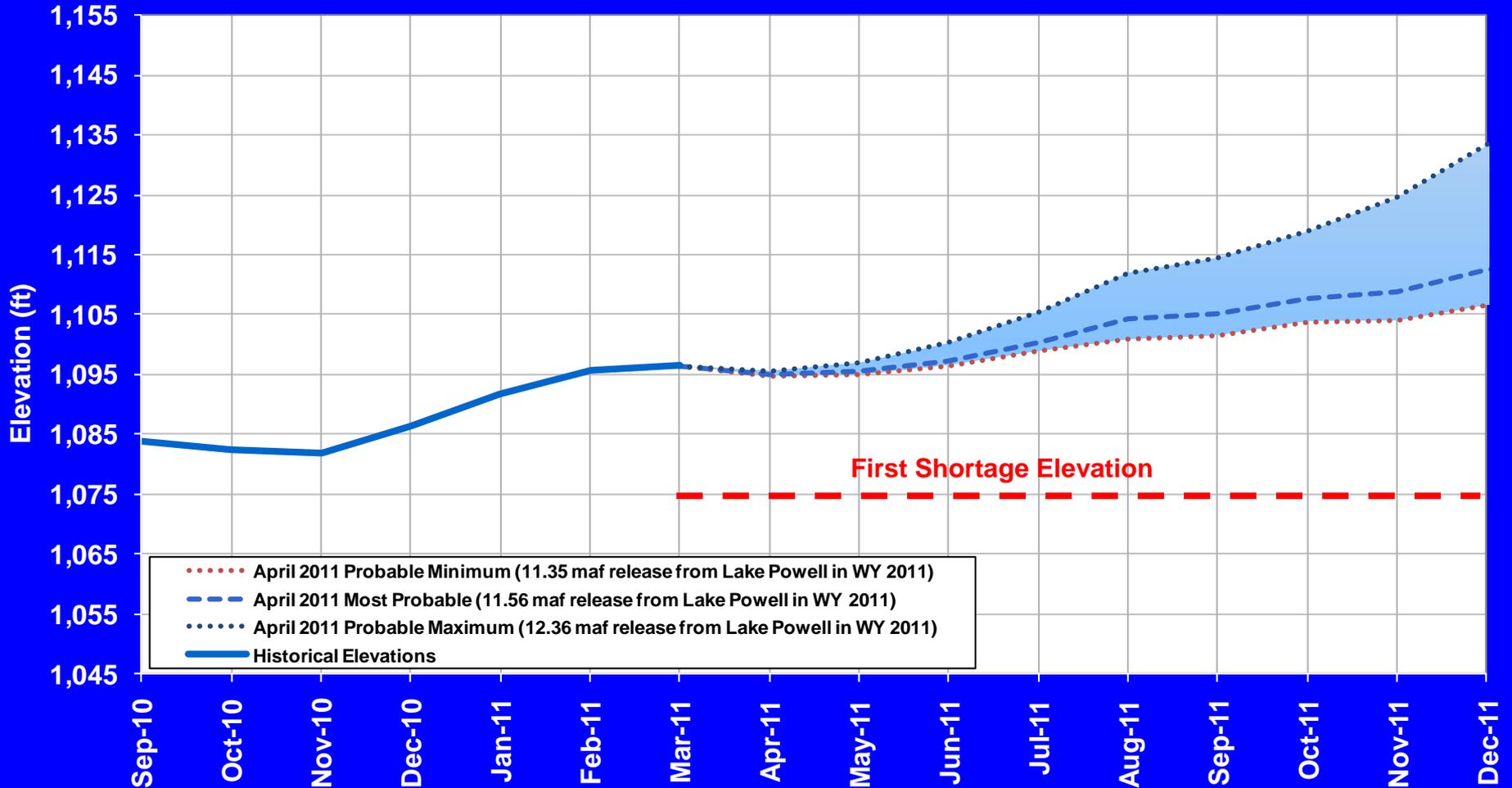
Lake Powell Elevations

Historic and Projected based on Most Recent Inflow Projections



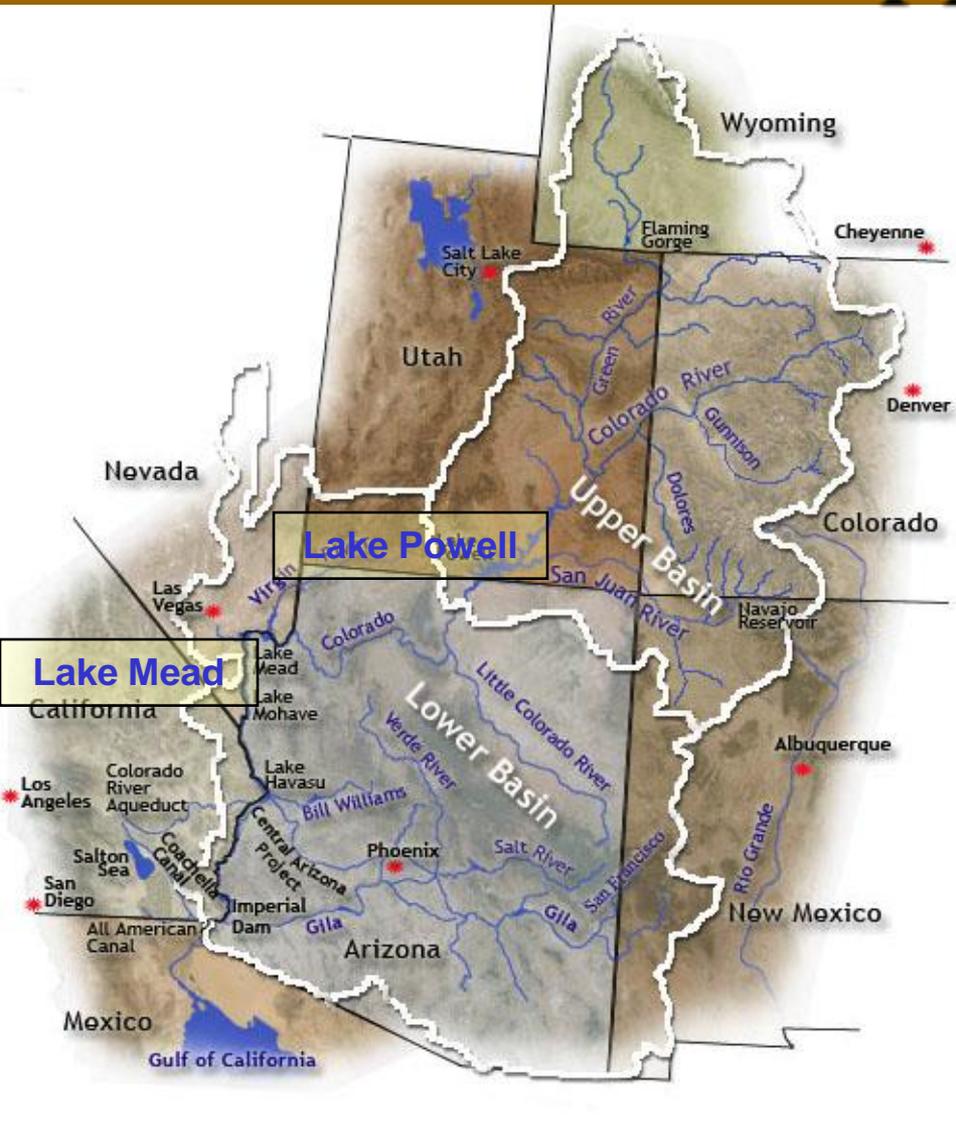
Lake Mead End of Month Elevation

Projections from April 2011 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios



The projected elevations in this graph are based on reservoir modeling under three possible inflow scenarios: 1) The minimum probable inflow scenario reflects a dry hydrologic condition which statistically would be exceeded 90% of the time; 2) the most probable inflow scenario reflects a median inflow condition which statistically would be exceeded 50% of the time; and 3) the maximum probable inflow scenario reflects a wet hydrologic condition which statistically would be exceeded only 10% of the time. There is approximately an 80% probability that the future elevation will fall inside the shaded region. There are possible inflow scenarios that would result in reservoir elevations falling outside the range indicated in this graph.

Colorado River Basin Water Supply Outlook



Total Reservoir System Contents:

31.6 MAF or 53%

**Total Reservoir System Contents
Last Year:**

32.9 MAF or 55%

LAKE POWELL
Capacity – 24.5 MAF
05/02/2011 - 53% full
Contents 12.9 MAF
Elevation – 3,612'

Glen Canyon Dam

Page

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Image USDA Farm Service Agency

Image © 2010 DigitalGlobe

© 2009 Google

Imagery Dates: Jun 8, 2007 - Jun 23, 2009

37°01'38.17" N 111°22'56.22" W elev 3887 ft

Eye alt 37.88 mi

LAKE MEAD

Capacity - 26 MAF
05/02/2011 - 43% full
Contents - 11.1 MAF
Elevation - 1,096'

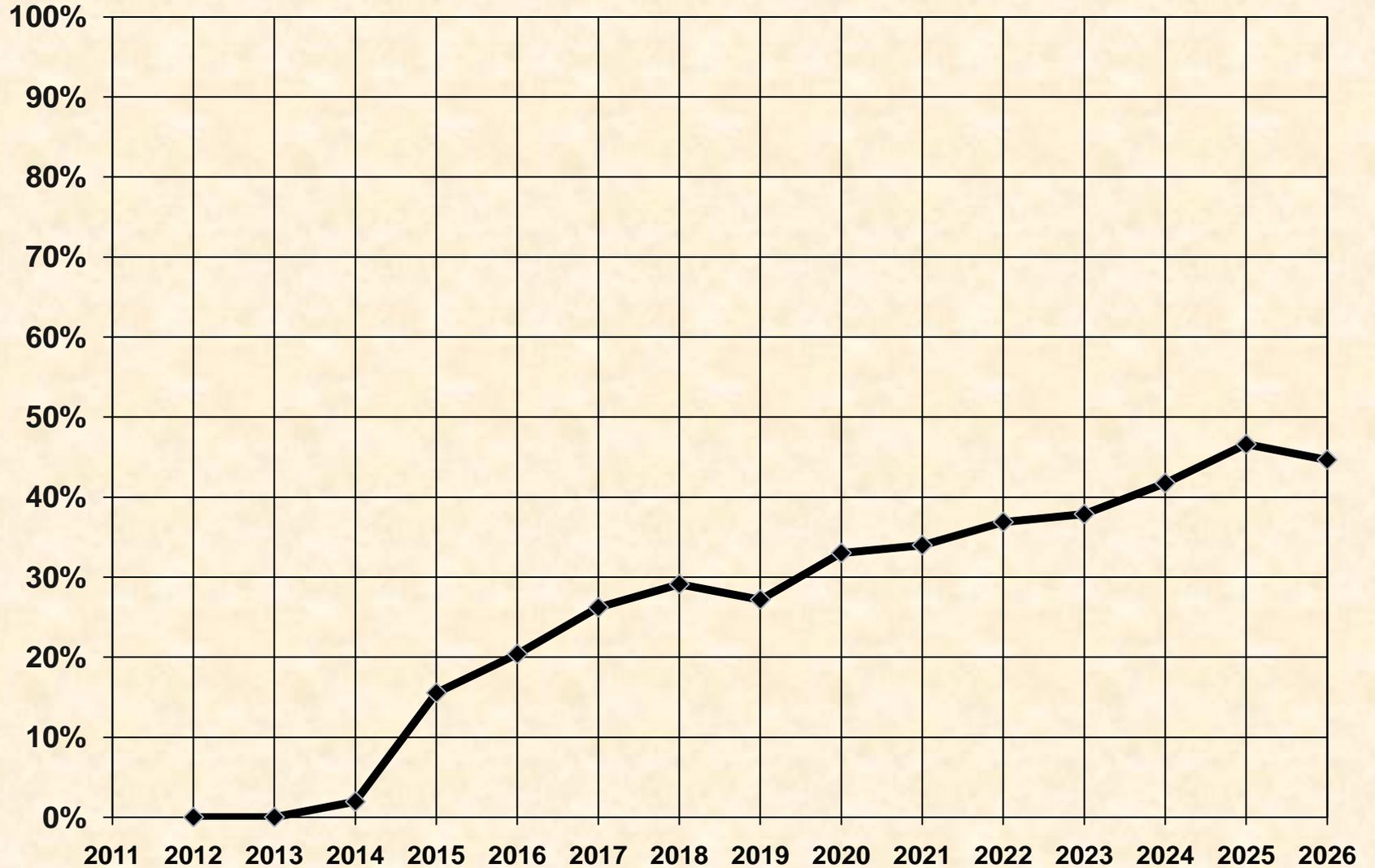
Las Vegas

Hoover Dam

Image U.S. Geological Survey
© 2010 Google
Image USDA Farm Service Agency
Image © 2010 DigitalGlobe

©2009 Google

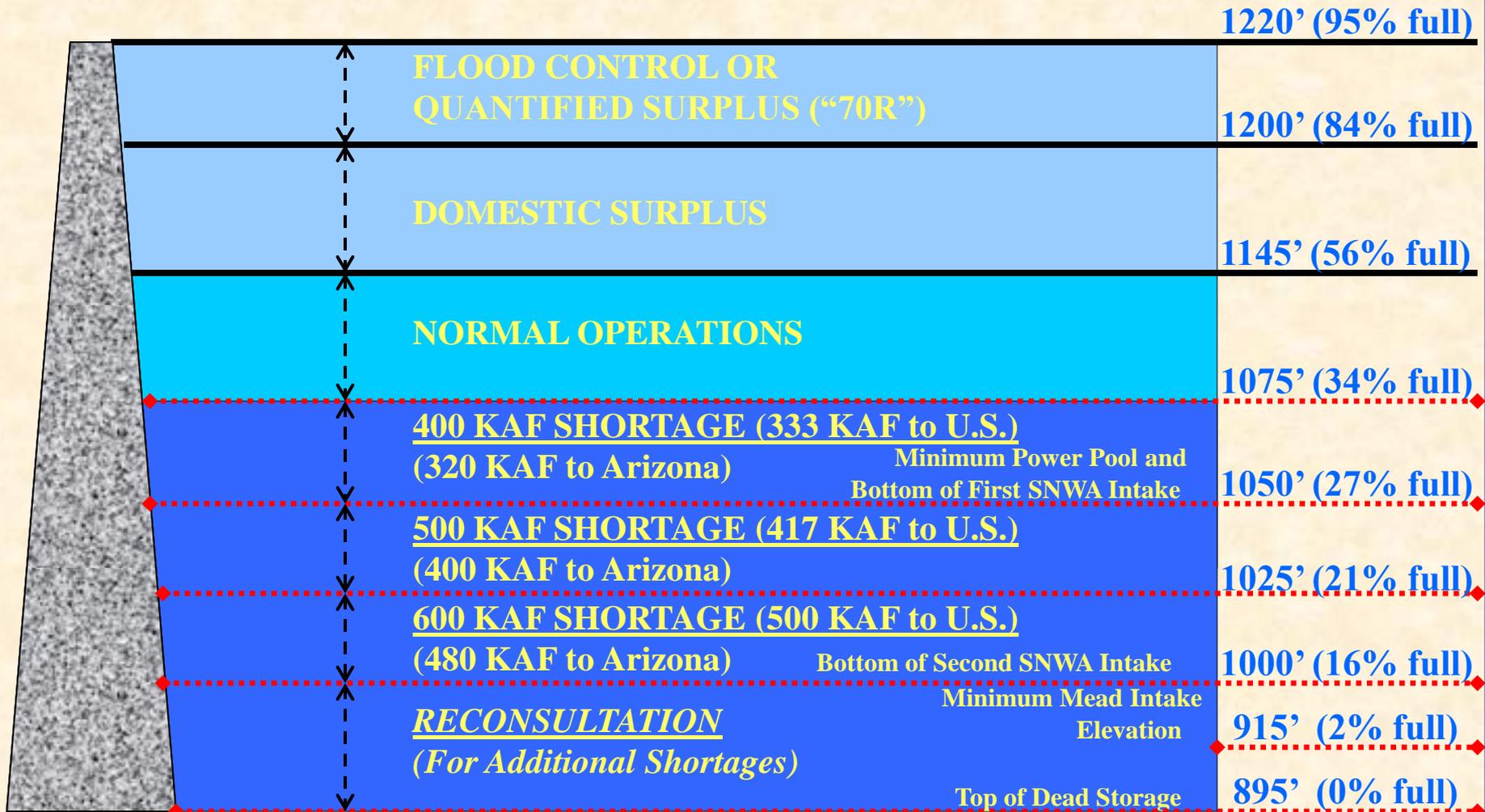
Lower Colorado River Basin Chance of a Shortage



Source: Bureau of Reclamation

Lake Mead

Key Operational Elevations – Interim Period

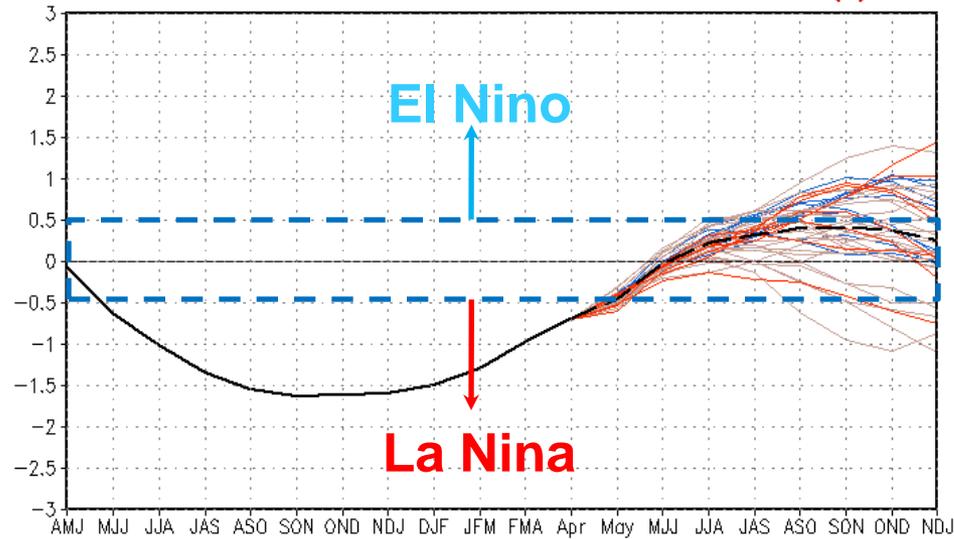


What About Next Year?

La Nina Year ? ! ?

El Nino Year ? ! ?

PDF corrected CFS forecast Nino3.4 SST anomalies (K)



CFSv2 forecast Nino3.4 SST anomalies (K)

