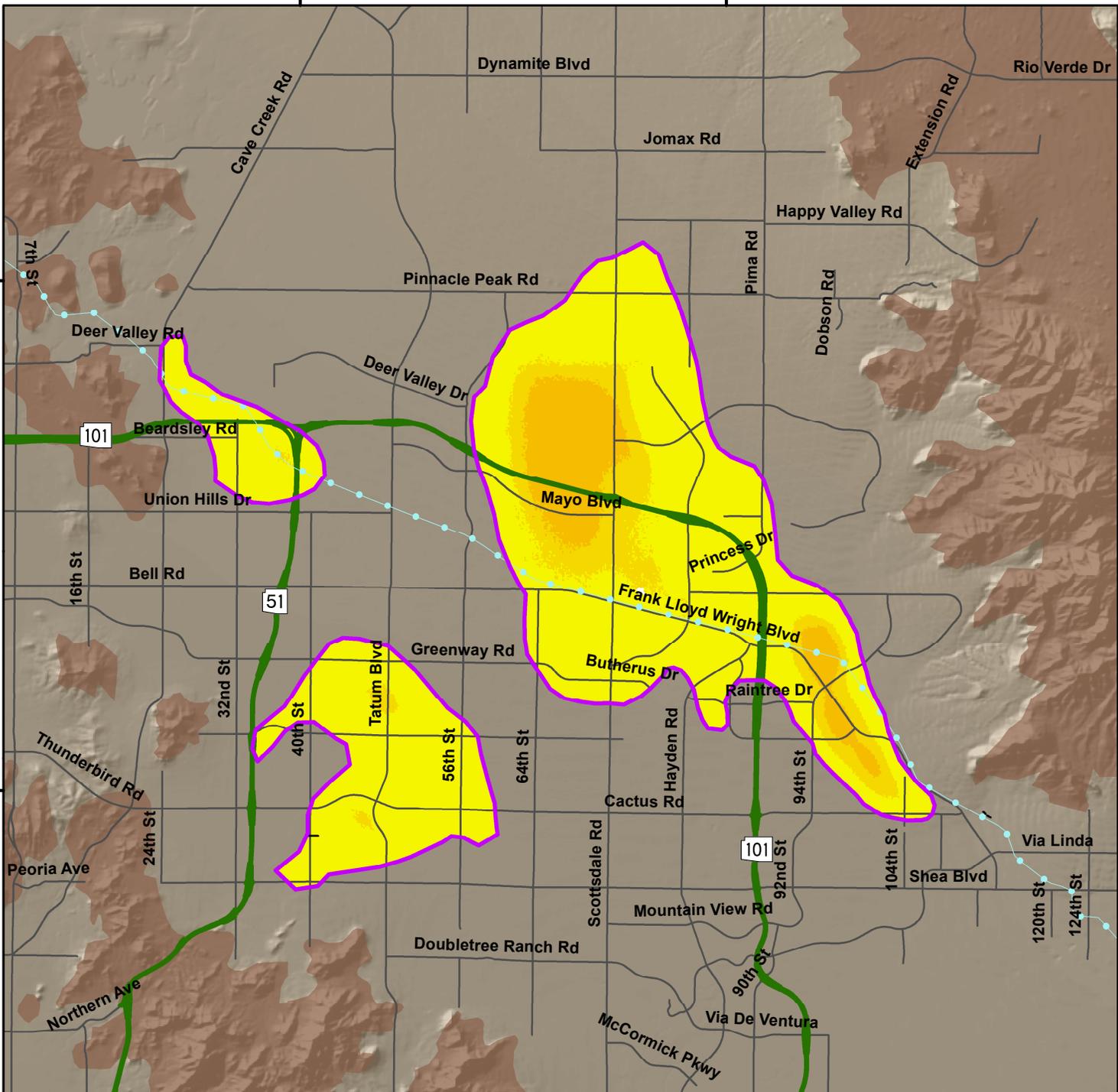


112°00'W

111°54'0"W

33°42'0"N

33°36'0"N



Total Land Subsidence in the Northeast Phoenix and Scottsdale Areas, Maricopa County
 Based on Radarsat-2 Satellite Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (InSAR) Data
 Time Period of Analysis: 5.0 Years 05/08/2010 To 04/12/2015

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Explanation

05/08/2010 To 04/12/2015

Total Land Subsidence

- Decorrelation/No Data
- Greater 40 cm (15.7 in)
- 25 - 40 cm (9.8 - 15.7 in)
- 15 - 25 cm (5.9 - 9.8 in)
- 10 - 15 cm (3.9 - 5.9 in)
- 6 - 10 cm (2.4 - 3.9 in)
- 4 - 6 cm (1.6 - 2.4 in)
- 2 - 4 cm (0.8 - 1.6 in)
- 1 - 2 cm (0.4 - 0.8 in)
- 0 - 1 cm (0 - 0.4 in)

Subsidence Feature

- Hardrock
- Earth Fissures
- CAP Canal

Highways and Interstates

- Interstate
- US
- State
- Roads



Decorrelation (white areas) are areas where the phase of the received satellite signal changed between satellite passes, causing the data to be unusable. This occurs in areas where the land surface has been disturbed (i.e. bodies of water, snow, agriculture areas, areas of development, etc).

Earth fissures were mapped by the Arizona Geological Survey. For information on earth fissures visit: www.azgs.gov/EFC

Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 12N
 Projection: Transverse Mercator
 Datum: North American 1983
 Units: Meter
 Created: 4/16/2015

